# Identifying the right **gender**M&E resource for your needs

### **Increasing understanding** of why gender is important

 The <u>Gender In Series</u> of briefs explores the implications of gender in various technical areas and suggests indicators to reveal and explain gender gaps in health outcomes. The topics are HIV and AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria, family planning and reproductive health, orphans and vulnerable children, emerging infectious disease, and health information systems.

## Understanding and measuring gender identity and sexual orientation

- The <u>Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity</u> (SOGI) course was developed for personal, professional, and programmatic learning about definitions of sexual orientation and gender identity and how they differ, related human rights, and incorporating SOGI in international research.
- See the related <u>SOGI Measures for Global Survey</u> <u>Research: A Primer for Improving Data Quality</u> for recommendations on how to develop survey questions to measure SOGI.

### Integrating gender in program monitoring and evaluation (M&E)

- The four-minute video <u>Gender Matters</u> offers concrete suggestions on how to integrate gender in your M&E and research activities.
- The Toolkit for Integrating Gender in the M&E
  of Health Programs helps international health
  programs integrate a gender perspective in their
  programs, projects, and M&E activities. It presents
  processes and tools, guidance for communication
  with stakeholders, and additional resources.
- Our Gender and HIV training module provides an introduction to basic concepts in gender and its impact on health, HIV, and M&E. It can be used as part of a larger M&E workshop or alone and encourages participants to build their individual and organizational capacity to monitor and evaluate their programs with a gender perspective.
- The self-guided <u>Gender M&E</u> elearning course teaches basic gender-integrated M&E skills and is designed to help program managers, M&E officers, and/or gender program staff improve their understanding of gender M&E and its importance.

#### **Evaluating with a gender focus**

- The <u>Seven Steps to EnGendering Public Health Evaluation</u> interactive training includes a training manual and presentation to help evaluators understand how to measure and incorporate gender—including its economic, social, and health dimensions—in their evaluations. It will also help participants improve their evaluation of programs with gender components.
- The <u>Seven Steps to EnGendering Evaluations of HIV Programs</u>
  with <u>Adolescent Girls and Young Women</u> training presentation
  hones in on the importance of integrating gender in evaluations
  of HIV programs for adolescent girls and young women and the
  steps to take.

## Integrating gender in M&E frameworks and systems

The Guidelines for Integrating
 Gender into an M&E Framework and
 System Assessment outlines why it
 is important to apply a gender lens
 to M&E processes and structures
 and contextualizes gender in an
 M&E system. It then offers specific
 guidance to address gender in each of
 the components of an M&E system.

### Identifying gender measures and indicators

- The <u>Violence against Women and Girls (VAW/G)</u>
  compendium offers indicators measuring
  the magnitude and characteristics of VAW/G,
  programmatic indicators, and was collaboratively
  developed for managers, organizations, and
  policymakers.
- The Gender and HIV compendium presents a menu of standardized indicators to measure programmatic areas vital to the intersection of gender and HIV that may be used at national, regional, or programmatic levels.
- The comprehensive, online Family Planning and Reproductive Health Indicators Database includes the most widely used indicators for monitoring and evaluating family planning and reproductive health programs and crosscutting issues in developing countries. It is applicable both at the program and population level to a wide-ranging audience.
- The <u>Trafficking in Persons and Health</u> compendium was designed to help program managers and decision makers plan, monitor, and evaluate their response to trafficking and health. It covers health sector preparedness, post-trafficking assistance, referrals and policies related to health, and the care received.
- The Reproductive Empowerment Scale can be used to measure sub-Saharan African women's level of empowerment in the reproductive health realm. This resource shares the survey items and subscales of the full scale and offers recommendations for scoring.

## Understanding importance of gender in health information systems (HIS)

- The Gender in HIV Health Information Systems brief establishes the importance of addressing gender in HIV HIS activities and suggests actions that will promote the integration of gender in HIS and ultimately improve health outcomes.
- The Factors Affecting Sex- and Age-Disaggregated
  Data in HIS fact sheet compiles evidence from
  Kenya, Tanzania, and Zambia to illustrate trends and challenges in the collection and use of sex- and age-disaggregated HIS data and provides recommendations to move the field of global health forward.

### **Supporting quality and use of gender data**

- The Gender-Integrated Routine Data Quality
  Assessment (RDQA+G) Tool is an Excel-based tool that enables national programs or donor-funded projects to evaluate their own data quality with a special focus on gender data, while continuing to improve reporting performance and prepare for data quality audits.
- The Stakeholder Data Use and Dissemination
  Planning Tool shares steps to elicit information
  needed to develop an effective data use and
  dissemination plan using an example from a
  research study with adolescent girls and young
  women in Haiti.





